LESSON 24: THE SONG OF TRIUMPH

Intro:				
BIG IDE	EA: God's in	judgment is met with	from His people.	
	saw another sign in heaven, gre last, for with them the wrath of		els with seven plagues, which	
-	It is	in many senses.		
-	He sees another	On	_, not on earth. This is from	
	po	erspective, not earth's.		
-	7 angels with 7 plagues- God's	wrath is about to be	·	
	ng of Moses and the Lamb			
conquer with ha song of "Great a O Lo Just and O Ki 4 Who and g For you All I	saw what appeared to be a sea or red the beast and its image and rps of God in their hands. ³ And the Lamb, saying, and amazing are your deeds, ord God the Almighty! define are your ways, and of the nations! will not fear, O Lord, glorify your name? In alone are holy. In alone worship you, ar righteous acts have been reverted.	the number of its name, sta I they sing the song of Mos		
- John explains some of this as best he can. It looks like a sea of, with(4:6).				
-	This is the	before the		
-	Those who	the beast by the testin	nony of the Lamb are there.	
-	They are beside the sea, with _	a	at the ready.	
-	They sing the song of			

-	The is the	One who made	_ victorious.	Christ's
	is the _	cause of]	lsrael's redem	ption.
-	The coming plagues are similar	ar to the plagues used by God to	judge Egypt!	
-	God's deeds are amazing and	great, the exercise of His infinite	·	·
-	God's deeds are also	God is not being		_ in judging
	the nation(s).			
-	As King of the nations, He has	s the	_ to do this!	
-	Those who fear the Lord glori	fy the Lord in	and	•
-	There is no one like Him; He	is set apart,	·	
-	But all the	will worship Him. There is a wo	rldwide	
	that expressed even though we	e see that many worship the Beas	t.	
-	The worship is	to His righteous acts. Hi	s justice and r	ighteousness
	is on	eliciting worship from His peop	le from every	tribe, nation
	tongue and language.			

Historicist	Preterist	Futurist	Idealist
The announcement	This is parallel to the	This is preparation for	Many take this to
about these being the	scenes in chapters 4-5,	the final judgment at	refer to the Final
last plagues does not	and 8:1-6. These are	the end of time.	Judgment as God
necessarily mean the	the last plagues upon	The overcomers are	wrath is completely
final judgment, but	Jerusalem at the end	Jewish believers	poured out upon
the last plagues upon	of the Jewish War.	converted after the	rebellious humanity.
the Beast and his	This does not	Rapture. They were	Others see this as part
cohorts.	preclude more wrath	slain by the Beast.	of the pattern that
The overcomers are	at the end of time.	Some thing there are 2	continues thru this age
those who were not	The overcomers are	songs here, the Song	which culminates at
corrupted by the	those who prevailed	of Moses and the	the final judgment.
Papacy.	over apostate	Song of the Lamb.	The song is one song,
	Jerusalem.	The latter predicts that	not two as the Exodus
		all the nations will	foreshadowed what is
		worship in the	to come. The OT
		millennial kingdom.	provides the pattern
		(weren't they all	for NT judgment.
		destroyed at	The gospel prevails
		Armeggedon?)	worldwide, though
			not over every person.

Talk It Out: What are significant differences between the views? Which make more sense in the context?

"From an earthly perspective, the beast overcame God's witnesses, the saints. But the reality is that they overcame their enemies by the blood of the Lamb, holding fast to their testimony."

Dennis Johnson⁸⁷

"Terrible disasters do not come by accident, but according to the just judgment of God. They are harbingers of the final judgment of the Second Coming." Vern Poythress⁸⁸

"The same combination, 'great and marvelous,' described the plagues that God inflicted on Egypt in preparation for the Exodus (Deut. 28:59 LXX)." **Dennis Johnson**⁸⁹

Heaven Opened, Again

⁵ After this I looked, and the sanctuary of the tent of witness in heaven was opened, ⁶ and out of the sanctuary came the seven angels with the seven plagues, clothed in pure, bright linen, with golden sashes around their chests. ⁷ And one of the four living creatures gave to the seven angels seven golden bowls full of the wrath of God who lives forever and ever, 8 and the sanctuary was filled with smoke from the glory of God and from his power, and no one could enter the sanctuary until the seven plagues of the seven angels were finished.

-	This indicates another	vision. It views the judgment	from another
-	The tent of	is the reality upon which the	,
	built in the wilderness, was mod	eled.	
-	It is where God met with His peo	ople. It was filled with	, hiding God's
	like tl	he Tabernacle.	
-	Mere mortals cannot bear the		_ of God.
-	The 7 angels leave the sanctuary	with the 7 plagues in 7 golden _	
-	They received the bowls from or	ne of the 4 living	in God's presence.

Historicist	Preterist	Futurist	Idealist
These plagues are	Chilton thinks the	In 5:8 bowls held the	The Temple was
contained in the 7 th	bowls are more like	prayers of God's	opened to let the
trumpet from 8:1. The	chalices to emphasize	people. So this may	angels out, not people
bowls will be poured	a "negative	point us to the	in.
out in the next	sacrament", the wine	judgment as the result	
chapter.	of his wrath (14:10).	of the prayers of	
The events take place	No intercession was	God's persecuted	
during the French	permitted for them to	people.	
Revolution into the	avert God's wrath on		
unseen future. The	Jerusalem.		
reveal the destruction			

⁸⁷ Johnson, pp. 215.

⁸⁸ Poythress, pp. 154.

⁸⁹ Johnson, pp. 216

of papal Rome.		
No one is allowed in		
to intercede for them		
and divert God's		
wrath.		

Talk It Out:

"Nothing happens without God willing it to happen, and willing it to happen *in the way that it happens*, and willing it to happen *before* it happens." **Derek Thomas**⁹⁰

Conclusion:

[&]quot;The beleaguered church on earth, so seemingly weak and outnumbered, must never forget the mystery of God's kingdom growing powerfully through our frailty" **Dennis Johnson**⁹¹

⁹⁰ Thomas, pp. 126.

⁹¹ Johnson, pp. 217.