LESSON 5: ONE GOD TO GLORIFY & ENJOY

Intro:

²⁹ "The secret things belong to the LORD our God, but the things that are revealed belong to us and to our children forever, that we may do all the words of this law. **Deuteronomy 29**

BIG IDEA: Scripture reveals there is only one God worthy of our glory & delight.

WSC Q 4: What is God?

A: God is a Spirit, infinite, eternal, and unchangeable, in his being, wisdom, power, holiness, justice, goodness, and truth.

WSC Q 5: Are there more Gods than one?

A: There is but one only, the living and true God.

WLC 6: What do the Scriptures make known of God?

A: The Scriptures make known what God is, the persons in the Godhead, his decrees, and the execution of his decrees.

WLC 7: What is God?

A: God is a Spirit, in and of himself infinite in being, glory, blessedness, and perfection; all-sufficient, eternal, unchangeable, incomprehensible, everywhere present, almighty, knowing all things, most wise, most holy, most just, most merciful and gracious, long-suffering, and abundant in goodness and truth.

WLC 8: Are there more God than one?

A: There is but one only, the living and true God.

OT Era

OI EI u				
Egypt	Canaan	Babylon		
Ra (sun god)	Baal	Nabu (god of scribal arts)		
Horus (sky) (Pharaoh was the	Asherah (wife of El)	Marduke (national god)		
living Horus)				
Osiris (the dead, ruled	Mot (god of death)	Ishtar (goddess of love)		
underworld)				
Isis (mother of Horus, wife of	Molech (god of fire)	Tiamat (dragon goddess)		
Osiris)				
Nut (sky-goddess, mother of	Chemosh	Enurta (god of war)		
Isis, Osiris, Nepthys & Seth)		,		
Shu (god of air, held up Nut)	Dagon (god of fertility)	Anshar (father of heaven)		

NT & Extra-Biblical Gods:

Greek & Roman Gods, Norse Gods, Hindu Gods, Allah, etc.

5 For	all the	gods o	of the	peoples	are wor	thless	idols,	but the I	ORD	made	the	heavens.	Psal	m 9	96

Cultural Anthropology:	Cultura	l Anthr	opology:
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Polytheism => Henotheism => Monotheism

This doesn't fit with the Scriptures which begins with "In the beginning God (Elohim) created ...;

All the elements of creation & life the nations worship, were created by God. Genesis 1 is polemical theology!²²

1. There is but one only, living, and true God, who is infinite in being and perfection, a most pure spirit, invisible, without body, parts, or passions; immutable, immense, eternal, incomprehensible, almighty, most wise, most holy, most free, most absolute; working all things according to the counsel of his own immutable and most righteous will, for his own glory; most loving, gracious, merciful, long-suffering, abundant in goodness and truth, forgiving iniquity, transgression, and sin; the rewarder of them that diligently seek him; and withal, most just, and terrible in his judgments, hating all sin, and who will by no means clear the guilty. WCF, II

- Scripture declares there is only one God. The gods are not in any sense. - God is in His being as well as His He knows no limits. - He knows no limits w/regard to He is omnipresent: everywhere - He knows no limits w/regard to omniscient. - He knows what to do w/it- infinite in Wisdom requires - He knows no limits w/regard to omnipotent or almighty. - He knows no limits w/regard to eternal. He has always been & always will be. - He cannot become more, or less, than He already is. - God is a; He is immaterial in his being. He has no physical (John 4:24). language so we will understand something about God. - God has no like us. He is pure being. We have parts, & can suffer The Question of Passions: Does God have emotions? ²³ - God "does not experience mood swings or become depressed, not that he has no cares." ²⁴ - God is a being, not an abstract He has emotions: delight, anger etc.		
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²³ Frame, John. *The Doctrine of God*. Phillipsburg, P&R Publishing. 2002, pp. 608-611.

²⁴ Sproul, Vol. 1, pp. 37.

- But unlike us, God is not by those emotions.									
- Our emotions are often from our thoughts, from									
-	He evaluates & w/full knowledge & according to His immutable character.								
- Incomprehensible: does not mean God is									
-	We can't know him (comprehensive knowledge).								
-									
-	- We can have knowledge of God in keeping w/our limitations:								
knowledge.									
- God lisps to us so we can understand: He wants us to know Him.									
-	was given to unable to comment								
- God is sovereign: working all things according to his will.									
- While we are also creatures, He is not bound by our wills but is "most free."									
- His character is loving, gracious, merciful, long-suffering									
-									
-									
-	- As righteous He is not ex lex (the law) or sub lego (law).								
-	- He is a law unto Himself because His nature is righteous. Character & actions agree.								
- Legislative Justice: righteous laws to His creatures.									
- Distributive Justice : to all their due according to the law.									
- Remunerative Justice: the sincere but imperfect obedience of those who									
seek Him.									
- Punitive Justice : rendering the due their crimes against His law. ²⁵									
"He cannot change to the better, for that would imply past imperfection; he cannot change to the worse, for then he would cease to be perfect." Robert Shaw ²⁶									
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"The attributes of God are the properties of his all-perfect nature. Those are absolute which									
belong to God considered in himself alone- as self-existence, immensity, eternity etc." A.A. Hodge ²⁷									
Trouge									
Incom	municable Attributes Communicable Attributes (Imago Dei)								
²⁵ Shaw, pp. 33 for the types of justice.									
²⁶ Shaw, pp. 29. ²⁷ Hodge, A.A. <i>The Confession of Faith</i> . Edinburgh, 1992, pp. 49.									

Infinite	Knowledge
Eternal	Wisdom
Unchanging (immutable)	Power
Sovereignty (authority & power to execute it)	Goodness
Omnipresent	Loving
Omnipotent	Gracious
Omniscient	Merciful
	Long-suffering
	Make choices

"He is not alternately merciful and just, nor partially merciful and partially just. Both are right; both are equally and spontaneously in his nature; and both are perfectly and freely harmonized by the infinite wisdom of that nature." A.A. Hodge²⁸

"So his eternality is another attribute that should incite our souls to adoration and praise: we are made by one who has the very power of being in himself eternally." **R.C. Sproul**²⁹

2. God has all life, glory, goodness, blessedness, in and of himself; and is alone in and unto himself all-sufficient, not standing in need of any creatures which he hath made, nor deriving any glory from them, but only manifesting his own glory in, by, unto, and upon them. He is the alone fountain of all being, of whom, through whom, and to whom are all things; and hath most sovereign dominion over them, to do by them, for them, or upon them whatsoever himself pleases. In his sight all things are open and manifest, his knowledge is infinite, infallible, and independent upon the creature, so as nothing is to him contingent, or uncertain. He is most holy in all his counsels, in all his works, and in all his commands. To him is due from angels and men, and every other creature, whatsoever worship, service, or obedience he is pleased to require of them. WCF, II

-	He has being or existen	ice in Himself (). He is not continge	ent upon anything.
-	John Stuart Mill's use	of the law of	to deny God is	
-	Only	_ have	If it has a beginning	g it is an effect.
-	We are	being: ne	eed air, water, food to live.	
-	His blessedness is not _		on us, or any other crea	ature He has made.
-	From the	of His blessedn	ess, He chose to	for His glory.
-	He has inherent,	dignity, v	vorth &	,
-	Creatures, and creation	, have an	or assigned	
-	With all creation open	to Him, His sovereig	gnty takes men's	into account.
odg	e, pp. 53.			

²⁹ Sproul, Vol. 1, pp. 39.

"God's choices and actions are determined by his omniscience, righteousness, holiness, and the rest of his attributes." **R.C. Sproul**³⁰

How does this help us to glorify & enjoy God now and forever?

Conclusion:

³⁰ Sproul, Vol. 1, pp. 51.